

# The SenseTainment® Grammar System






STATISCH – ALLGEMEINE TATSACHEN – REGELMÄSSIGKEITEN – FAKTEN

## SARF

AUSSAGEN

Verben

FRAGEN

Zukunft 	Gegenwart 	100 %ig abgeschlossene 1. Vergangenheit 	gegenwärtige Vergangenheit  <small>hat in der Vergangenheit begonnen und ist noch gegenwärtig oder gerade eben zu Ende</small>	100 %ig abgeschlossene 2. Vergangenheit  <small>eine 1. Vergangenheit geht voraus</small>
ich du er sie es <b>1</b> I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY wir ihr sie	<b>1</b> I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY	<b>1</b> I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY	<b>1</b> I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY	<b>1</b> I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY
<b>2</b> WILL			<b>2</b> HAVE / HAS	<b>2</b> HAD KENNZEICHEN
be	am are is	was / were	been	been
see	see sees	saw	seen	seen
talk	talk talks	talked	talked	talked
hear	hear hears	heard	heard	heard
feel	feel feels	felt	felt	felt
smell	smell smells	smelt	smelt	smelt
<b>3</b> have	<b>2</b> have has	<b>2</b> had	<b>3</b> had	<b>3</b> had
<b>3</b> think	<b>3</b> think thinks	thought	<b>3</b> thought	<b>3</b> thought
work	work works	worked	worked	worked
do	do does	did	done	done
want	want wants	wanted	wanted	wanted
write	write writes	wrote	written	written
go	go goes	went	gone	gone
eat	eat eats	ate	eaten	eaten

<b>2</b> I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY	<b>2</b> I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY	<b>2</b> I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY	<b>2</b> I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY	<b>2</b> I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY
<b>1</b> WILL	<b>1</b> DO / DOES	<b>1</b> DID	<b>1</b> HAVE / HAS	<b>1</b> HAD KENNZEICHEN

**Ausnahmen!**  
Kein „WILL“ bei:  
would/could/shall/might

**Ausnahmen!**  
Kein „DO/DOES“ bei:  
can/should/may/must/  
am/are/is (ohne Verb)

**Ausnahmen!**  
Kein „DID“ bei:  
could/  
was/were (ohne Verb)

**0** Fragewörter wie z.B.:

when	who	what	where	why	which ...	how many ...	how much ...	how	where ... from	whom	whose ...	etc.
wann	wer	was	wo	warum	welcher ...	wie viele ...	wie viel ...	wie	woher	wen	wessen ...	etc.

Fragewörter werden bei Fragen vor das Kennzeichen gesetzt.  
Ort vor Zeit ('O' vor 'Z')

# The SenseTainment® Grammar System






**DZV**

DYNAMISCH – ZWILLINGS-VERLAUFSFORM Hervorhebung, dass zu gegebener Zeit etwas passiert

AUSSAGEN

Verben

FRAGEN

Zukunft 	Gegenwart 	100 %ig abgeschlossene 1. Vergangenheit 	gegenwärtige Vergangenheit 	100 %ig abgeschlossene 2. Vergangenheit 
ich du er sie es 1 I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY wir ihr sie	1 I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY	1 I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY	1 I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY	1 I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY
2 WILL	2 AM / ARE / IS	2 WAS / WERE	2 HAVE / HAS	2 HAD KENNZEICHEN
3 BE			3 BEEN / BEEN	3 BEEN
	being	being		
seeing	seeing	seeing	seeing	seeing
talking	talking	talking	talking	talking
hearing	hearing	hearing	hearing	hearing
feeling	feeling	feeling	feeling	feeling
4 smelling	3 smelling	3 smelling	4 smelling	4 smelling
4 having	3 having	3 having	4 having	4 having
thinking	thinking	thinking	thinking	thinking
working	working	working	working	working
doing	doing	doing	doing	doing
wanting	wanting	wanting	wanting	wanting
writing	writing	writing	writing	writing
going	going	going	going	going
eating	eating	eating	eating	eating
3 BE			3 BEEN / BEEN	3 BEEN
2 I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY	2 I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY	2 I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY	2 I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY	2 I - YOU - HE - SHE - IT WE - YOU - THEY
1 WILL	1 AM / ARE / IS	1 WAS / WERE	1 HAVE / HAS	1 HAD KENNZEICHEN
0 Fragewörter wie z.B.:				
when   who   what   where   why   which ...   how many ...   how much ...   how   where ... from   whom   whose ...   etc. wann   wer   was   wo   warum   welcher ...   wie viele ...   wie viel ...   wie   woher   wen   wessen ...   etc.				

Fragewörter werden bei Fragen vor das Kennzeichen gesetzt. Ort vor Zeit ('O' vor 'Z')

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